

*Economic, Social And Educational Condition Of Hostel Students In Pune, Maharashtra
Till Now After Leaving From Hostels.*

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Abstract:

The current population of **India** is **1,418,903,865** as of Thursday, May 18, 2023, based on Worldometer elaboration of the latest United Nations data. India population is equivalent to **17.7%** of the total world population. India ranks number **2** in the list of countries and dependences by population. **35.0 %** of the population is **urban** (483,098,640 people in 2020) remaining population is rural area. If India wants to do growth and development then India's population must be developed. For that quaternary sector means knowledge economy, education, research and development must be developed., in the economics points of view The main sectors of the economy are Primary Sector extraction of raw materials – mining, fishing and agriculture. Secondary / manufacturing sector – concerned with producing finished goods, e.g. Construction sector, manufacturing and utilities, e.g. electricity Service / 'tertiary' sector – concerned with offering intangible goods and services to consumers. This includes retail, tourism, banking, entertainment and I.T. services. Quaternary sector (knowledge economy, education, research and development).

In this way hostel is a part of service sector, hostel provides services to students, working men, women and orphans as a second home for them, and they try to fulfil their aim of life.

If one hostel is developed it means at least 50 to 100 and more than that students getting opportunity of hostel for getting various type of education like Arts, Commerce, Science, IT, Engineering education, skill base education, which helps to become financial developed, their income level also increases which is help to family financial support to family. 100 students developed it means near one village or city is developed. This kind of investment known in economics term circular flow of income which is impact of direct and indirect on GDP.

Oxford dictionary meaning of hostel: a building that provides meals and a cheap place to stay to students, workers, or travellers.

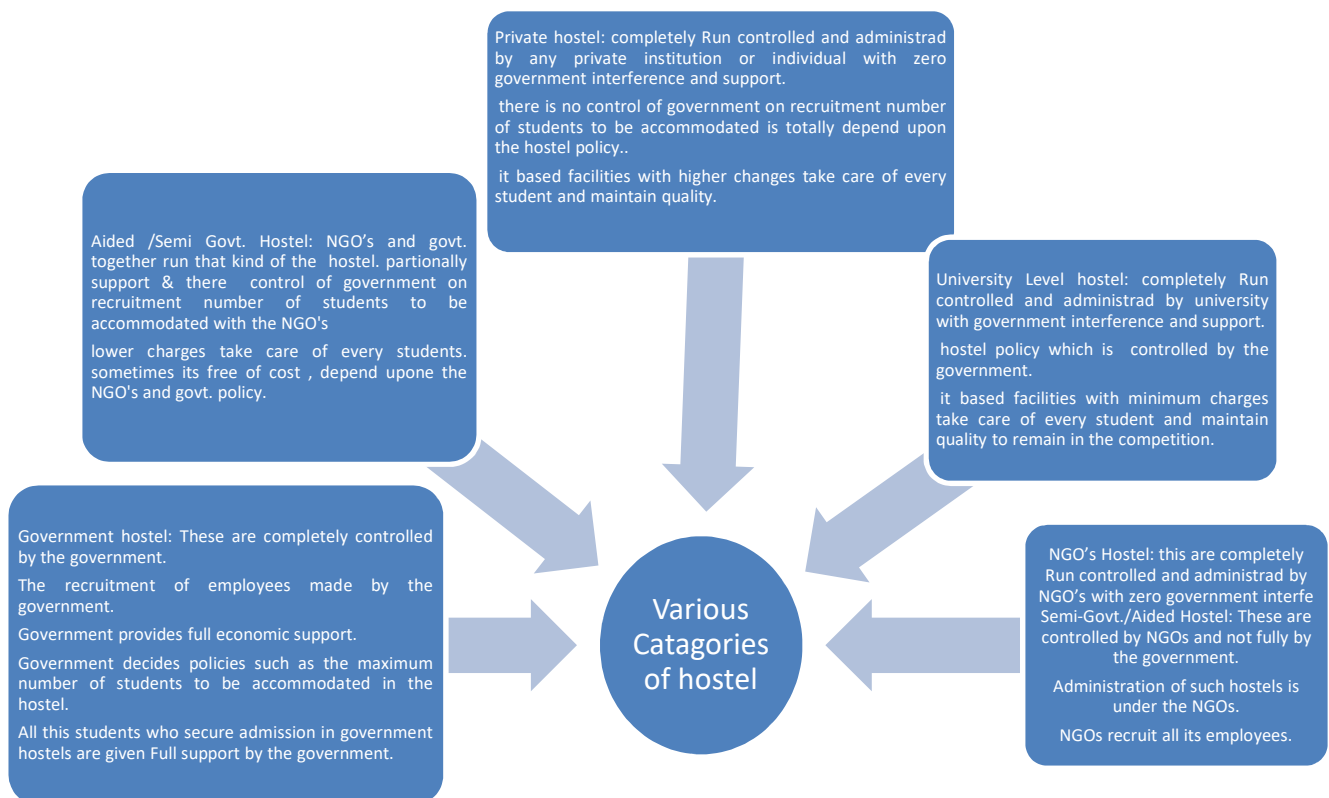
Cambridge dictionary meaning of hostel: a place where people, especially young people, can stay cheaply for short periods when they are travelling, with shared rooms and sometimes some private rooms.

An educational hostel can be called as a youth hostel, we can define hostel, as ‘which is an establishment where youth live for education purpose.’ Hostels for education purpose can be said to be a **“second home”** of hostel that helps students to take mostly hostels are quality education affordable to them with all facilities for daily living made available **under one shelter.**

In this changing era, it is safe that **“Hostel is a concept of a new developed society.”**

The main reason why hostels exist is that students do not have good educational facilities in their native place and thus they shift to a place where it (educational) is available. Therefore the hostel becomes their second home. The main objective of the hostel can be said as **“providing home-like facilities and atmosphere, environment to students so as to make them comfortable, but at the same time to ensure it is conducive to education.”**

Various Categories of hostel:



Objective:

- To study the hostel students after leaving the hostel.
- To study economic background of hostel students before and after the hostel leaving.

- To evaluate the hostel achievement or succeed through the economical, social and educational level.

Importance:

1. Hostel is one service of the territory sector in the economics, but it has always been given less importance by us.
2. Hostel is second home of the college going hostel students.
3. Various type of hostel is helpful for various backgrounds of students in the society.
4. Hostel is really helpful for needy students like orphan hostel students, girls and boy of far from the city area/in rural area, for categories hostel students, economic backward students, all class of economical level students, and children's.

Scope:

This study is only for college hostel students who have completed their education in any type of hostel of any faculty.

This study enhances only in Pune ,in India.

These paper focuses on education, Social and family financial condition of Hostel living students.

Limitations:

1. This research study is applicable for only Pune city's hostel students , who is Ex students of hostel, Maharashtra state, India.
2. Pune's hostel students are distributed in everywhere like Pune city, State, Country and whole world.

Hypothesis:

- Hostel is safe, helpful to build the life of hostel students, to fulfil their education and to achieve goal.
- Hostel is opportunity to needy people (of orphan, students far from city area and economically backward students, working men and women)

Methodology: This data completely depends upon the primary and secondary data.

Primary: Make an online and offline questioner and fill up the hostel students who is leaving hostel.

Secondary Data: Some required data are collected from books, research thesis of M.Phil., Phd, Magazines, online – internet etc.

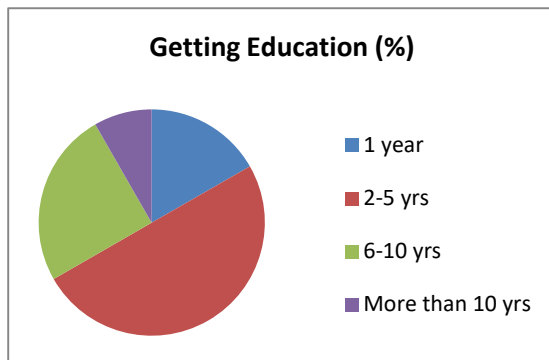
Observation: In that paper collected primary data through taken interview. In the google form interview there are few questions interview. This questions shows hostel students after getting education student try to beat their life on the basis of their education.

There are few questions related to hostels today before financial family condition. Few questions shows there family education condition. Few questions explained their social issues, background and their social condition of the family and area. These all types of questions in few their questions-answers are in a tabulation form of tabulation, schedule chart and also few questions wish they can't explain in statistics form so there thought there experience in their word so directly mentioned in the form of statement in here.

How many year you getting education in the hostel?

Table 1.1 hostels students getting education

Years	One year (%)	2-5 year	6-10 years	More than 10 years
Sample: 100	16.7	50	25	8.3



This pie chart shows hostel students getting education of hostel, 16.7% hostel students getting education only one year, 50% hostel students getting education 2 to 5 yrs in the hostel. 25% hostel students getting education in hostel. And more than 10 yrs 8.3% hostel students getting education in the hostels,

How much your family got income in rupees before you were admitted in the hostel?

Table 1.2 Family Income of hostel students

Family income before admitted the hostel	Less than one lakh rupees only	One to two lakh fifty thousand rupees.	between 2 lakh 50 thousand to five lakh rupees.	More than five lakh rupees
Sample: 100	58.3	8.4	33.3	Nil

This table shows hostel students family income before they were admitted in the hostel is less than 1 lakh rs. form 58.3%. one to two lakh fifty rs and more than 2.50 lakh to 5 lakh respectively 8.4 and 33.3%.

Are any of the family members living with you, are they educated? like

Mother - Father, Sister - Brother, Husband - Wife, Son - Daughter.

Table 1.3 hostel students family education background

Family	Mothe	Father	Brother	Sister	Husband	Wife	So	Daughter	All
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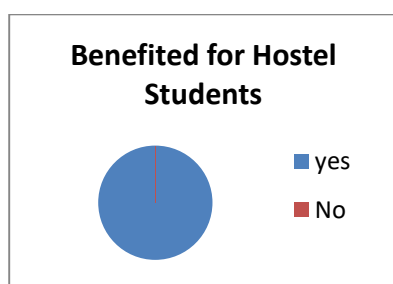
Member	r-						n		Family Memb. Edu.
Sample : 100	No Edu. 8.3	No. Edu.8.3	33.3	8.3	8.3	No. Edu 8.3	8.3	8.3	16.9

This table shows mother, Father and wife of hostel students are not educated, 33.3% brothers of hostel students are educated, Sister ,husband ,son and daughter education is 8.3% same to all. And 16.9 % hostel students all family members are educated.

Do you think hostels are really beneficial for students? If so, why? Why not?

Table 1.4 Hostel is benefited to students

beneficial for students	Yes	No
Sample: 100	100	Nil



Reasons Yes: Hostel are beneficial for students if Yes, because of hostels are located within the college, free mess facility is available and safety. it not only saves time to commute but it also help us to focus more on our studies , not only college studies but also competitive exams, as well as according academic classes can be done along with. Being financial problem solving in a hostel. market also nearby hostels which is a help to students for purchasing goods and services. Hostel also maintains the discipline. Which helps to individual life, Society and country.

What is your (hostel students) concept of hostel?

Hostel students concept : It is my Second Home. A place for living at affordable price. Where everyone can have a safe and good place for education. Being living in hostel can excel a student performance, students are surrounded by like minded people, which helps them to share, interact their interest in studies, they become more aware of their situation, they may give more importance to their career different activities held in a hostel leads to creative and active individuals or students.

Which of these freebies did you get?

Hostel students get free in the hostel: Meals, library, free accommodation, hospital facilities, scholarships, other facilities, some students replay nothing free in the hostel.

What would you suggest to your hostel?

Hostel students suggestions: Less fees charged, A hostel should be well equipped it should also have technology enriched, if all the necessities are provided within the hostel, the student will not be required to move out for any reason, a hostel should have a well Lit seating arrangement along with reference book to refer, from Hostel should maintain windows- doors for preventing trespassing, Give library, medical facility to all girls.,

What would you suggest to Govt.?

Hostel students suggestion to govt.: Must new govt. hostel build at Pune University campus. Build a hostel in every district headquarters for rural students. Hostel facility should be free for all girls. Every district need atleast 2 to 3 girls and boys hostels. There should be Increase in Grants.to build more hostels in various cities, Hostel can be best source to give education.

What is something about a hostel that makes you feel better in a hostel than at home?

Peace, Nothing, Rules, Friends. Sharing ideas to friends and experts, Mention any two things you like about the hostel Management and helpful climate for study.

Conclusion:

- Table number 1.1 shows, 50% & 25% students respectively staying in the hostel for getting education, it means 75% hostel students from collected data staying in the hostel of long period for getting education 2 to 10years. more than 10 years near 8.3% students got education, May they getting higher education , degree courses etc.

- Hostel student come from very poor background and weak financial condition of their family because their family income very low, table 1.2 shows near 60% hostel students family is income is less than rs. 1 lakh per year, few student can paid to private, semi government hostels fees, so there family income is 2.5 lakh to 5 lakh per year.

- In India Literacy Rate: low and slow, they only read and write, they get traditional method education, table 1.3 shows in India family a give first opportunity to boys/male which shows brother 33.3%+ husband 8.3% + Son 8.3%, 50% male/boys in the family members are educated of hostel students. if we compared male/boys to female/girls ratio is 16.6% (combine sister 8.3% + daughter 8.3%) this ratio shows getting education in the family of hostel students.

- Every hostel students are agreed for hostel is good opportunities for getting education reference Table Number 1.4 shown.

Table 1.1 and 1.3 shows educational condition of hostel students and Their family condition, society educational condition and their development table number 1.2 shows financial condition of hostel students family condition.

- Now people are aware about getting the education. so they move out of village/rural area to city area for purpose of getting education, so Table No 1.4 shows hostel students

benefited of hostel 100% . hostel students agreed regarding facility mention their explanation.

Suggestion:

Central Government and state government gave importance to education, they mention their schemes, budget also but which is not match and not enough to increase the population of the country(developing country).most of the population settled in the village area.

Thorat committee also worked on that, but again the problem is quality education and opportunity for getting education for economical backward students and rural, villagers.

Central Government and state government focus on open new hostel for economic background students, villagers and rural areas students.

NGOs also try to provide all types of services free of cost for hostel students and open new hostel in city, village and rural area.

If any hostel management is unable to work properly or collapse, kindly sort out what is the actual problem and getting actual solution and try to solve that problems or change the management and start again the those hostel is closed.

TBMSG,BHBS NGOs near 12 hostels are closed, it means 1200 students education opportunity is closed, if state government, Central Government or any kind individual person concentrate and that issues try to solving and restart that type of all hostel in India.

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